

Designing knowledge-action networks for supporting energy focused sociotechnical change in illiberal democracies:

Interfacing science, policy and transformation processes towards sustainability in Andean Countries.

Eduardo Noboa, PhD





1.- Background

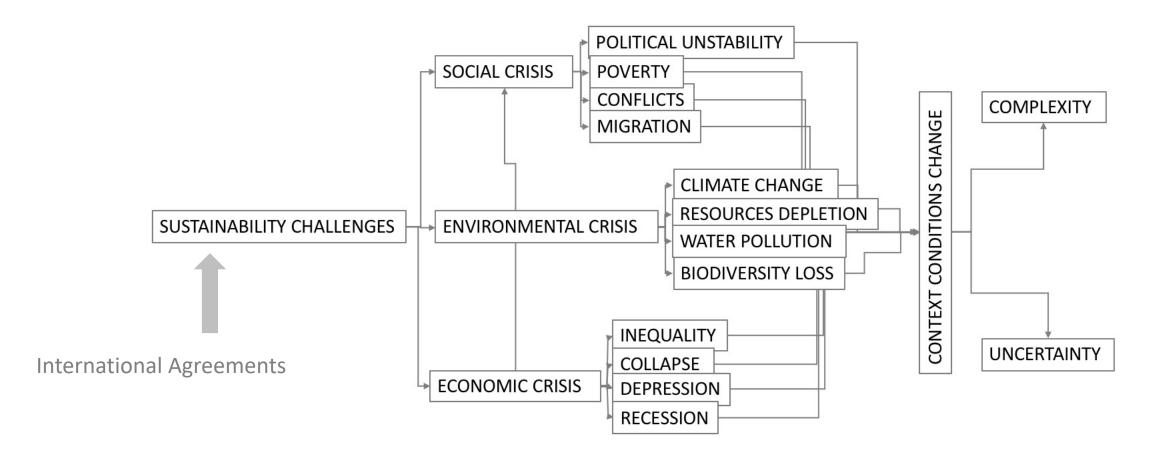
Assembling the research sphere



Sustainability Challenges





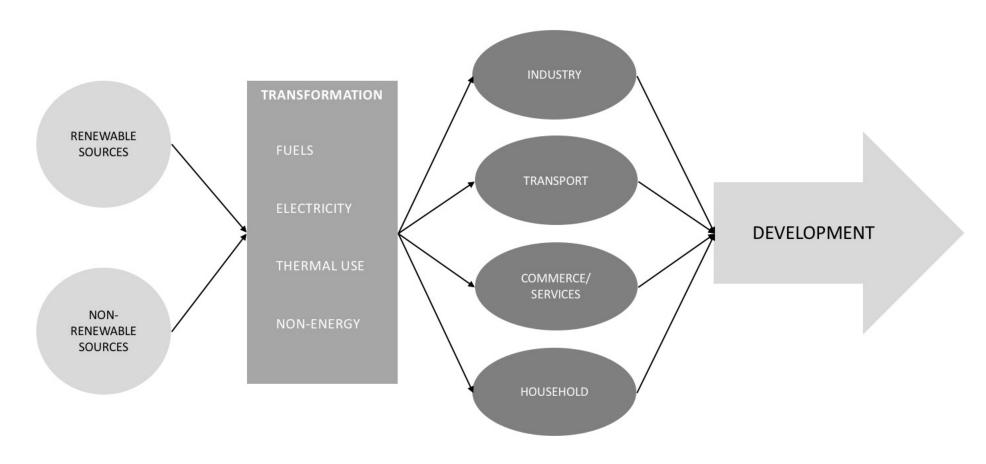


Source: Sustainability challenges and crisis (based on Steffen et al., 2015)

Energy and Development





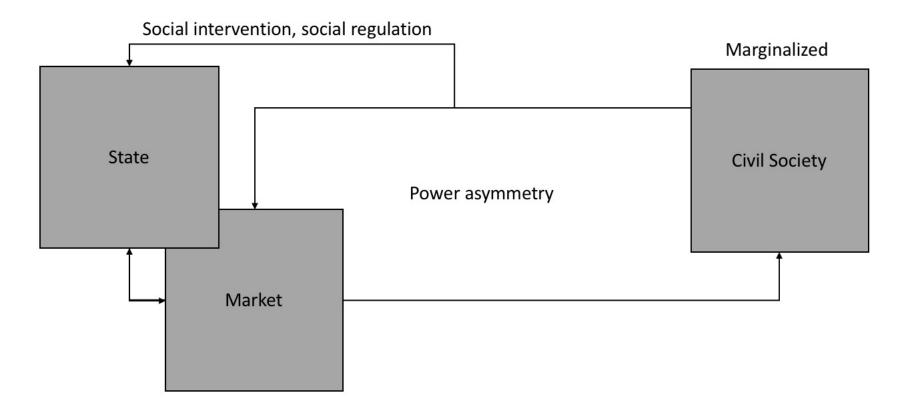


Source: Energy fuelling societal development (based on Davis et al., 2010)

Merging Spheres and State Capture







Source: The context of state capture (based on Hellman et al., 2003)

Centralised and Distributed Models





Centralised / Authoritarian

	Dictatorships / Neo-socialism	Centralised Neoliberalism
	State-monopoly	Private Oligopolies
	Renationalisation of common goods	Privatization of common goods
	Political state capture	Corporative state capture
		Non-State Intervention
State Intervention		
	Social market economy	Start-up-based economy
	Common goods	Private goods
	State-multi-level governance	Private-Public Partnerships

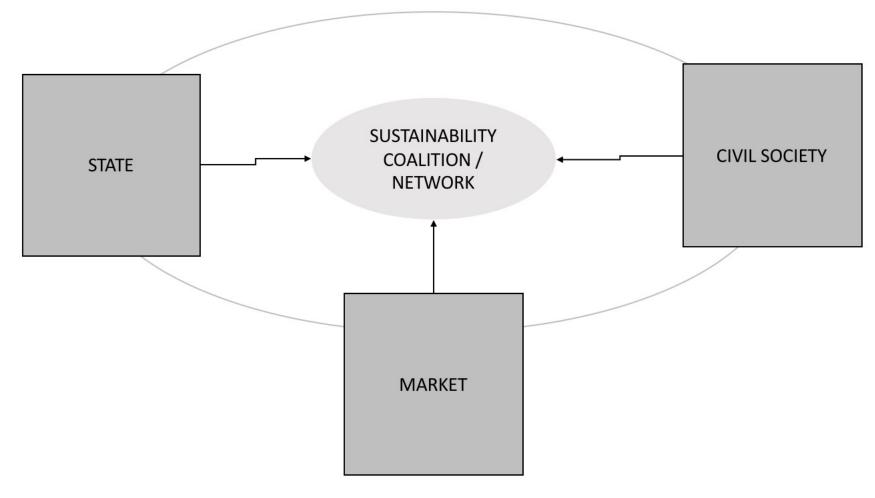
Distributed / Collaborative

Source: A fourfold typology of political economy (Based on (Rifkin, 2012))

Sustainability Partnership







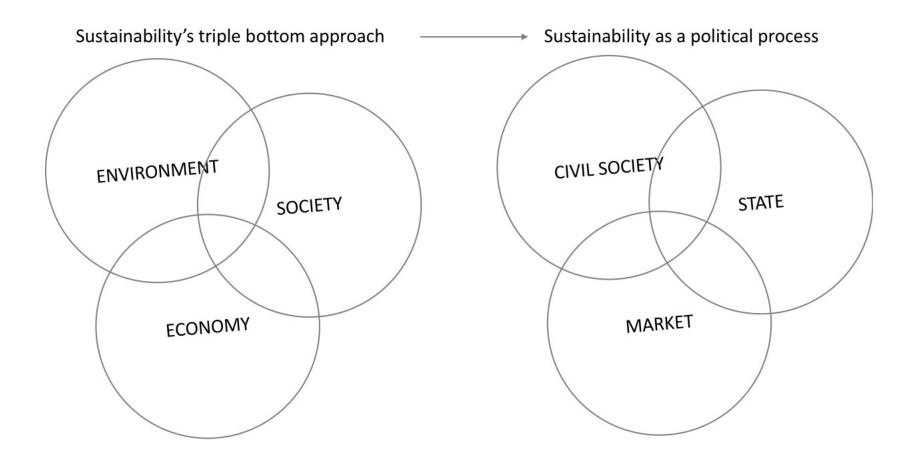
Source: A new social contract for sustainability (based on Polanyi, 2001)

Sustainability as a Political Process





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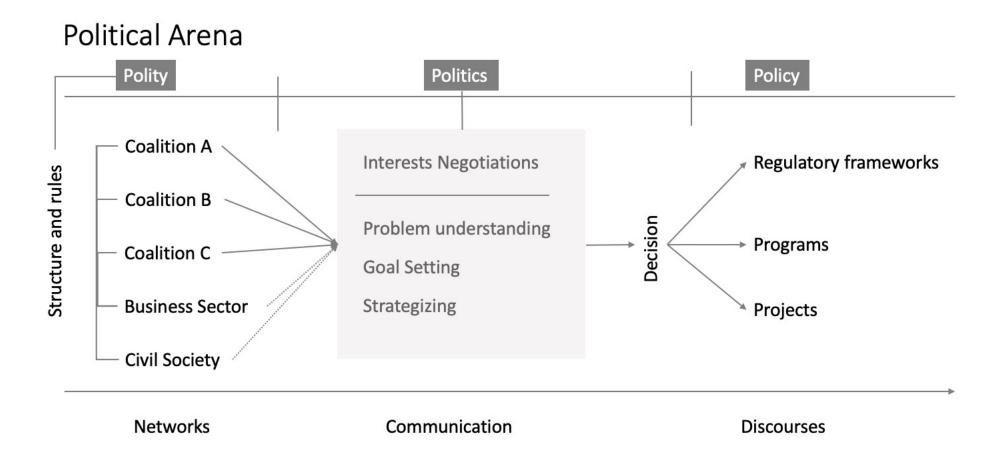


Source: Sustainability as an essentially political issue (based on Heinrichs et al., 2015)

Policy-making Process







Source: Policy-making process including other sectors (based on Sabatier and Jenkins-Smith, 1993)





3.- Concept Design

The Transdisciplinary Transition Management Arena (TTMA)



Transition Management Cycle





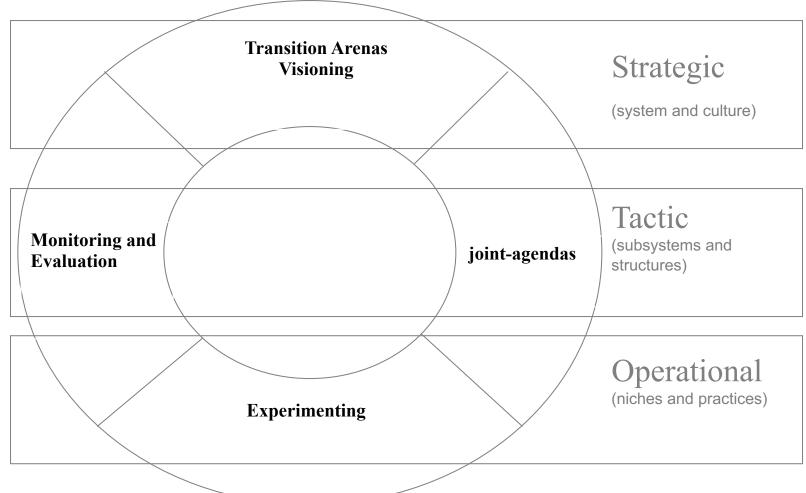
earning,

experimenting

and

innovation

approach multi-dimensional and Multi-actor



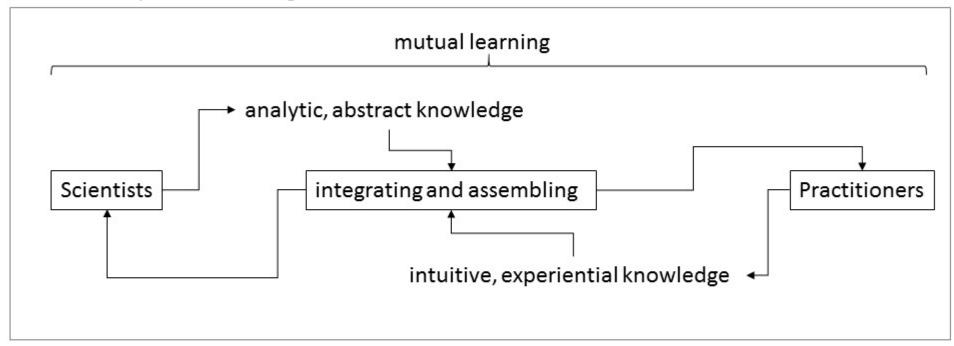
Source: Transition management cycle (Based on Kemp, R., Loorbach, D., Rotmans, J., 2007)

Strengthening the Science-Society-Policy Interface





Real world system knowledge

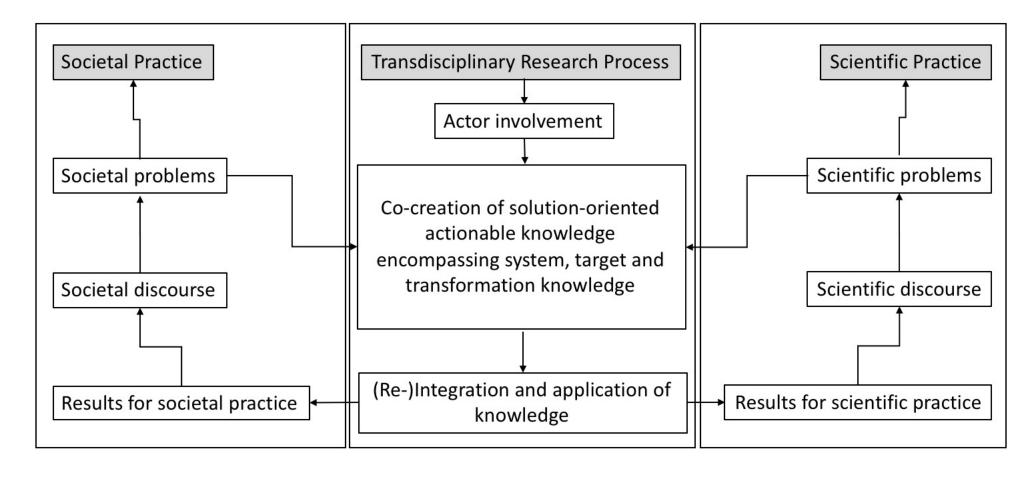


Source: Real World System Knowledge (based on (Scholz and Steiner, 2015))

Transdisciplinary Research Process





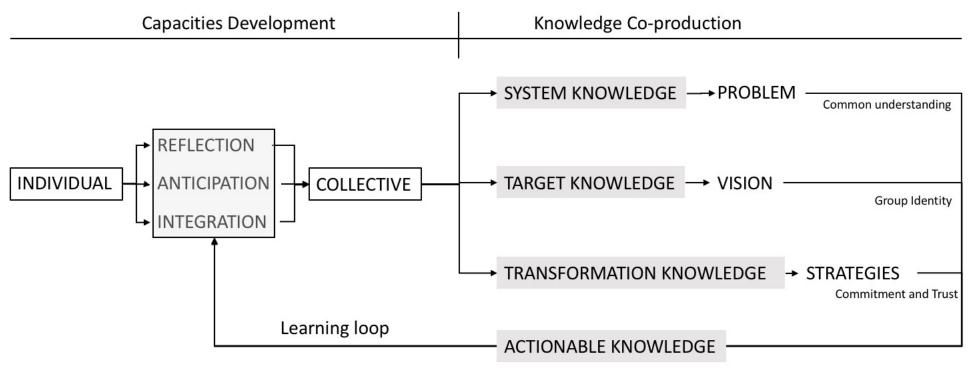


Source: An idealised Transdisciplinary Research process (after (Lang et al., 2012)).

Capacities and types of knowledge







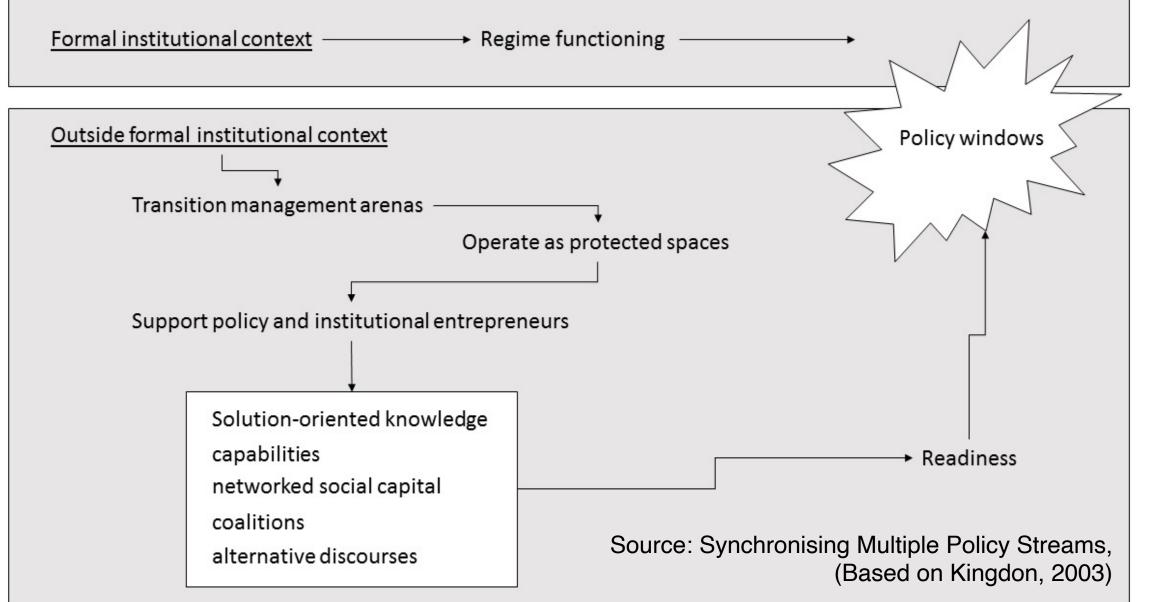
[&]quot;Knowledge co-production generate capacities, capacities dynamize knowledge"

Source: Types of knowledge and capacities in transdisciplinarity (Based on (Lindner, 2016)(Brandt et al., 2013)(Wiek et al., 2012)(Caniglia et al., 2017)(Schäpke et al., 2018))

Policy windows



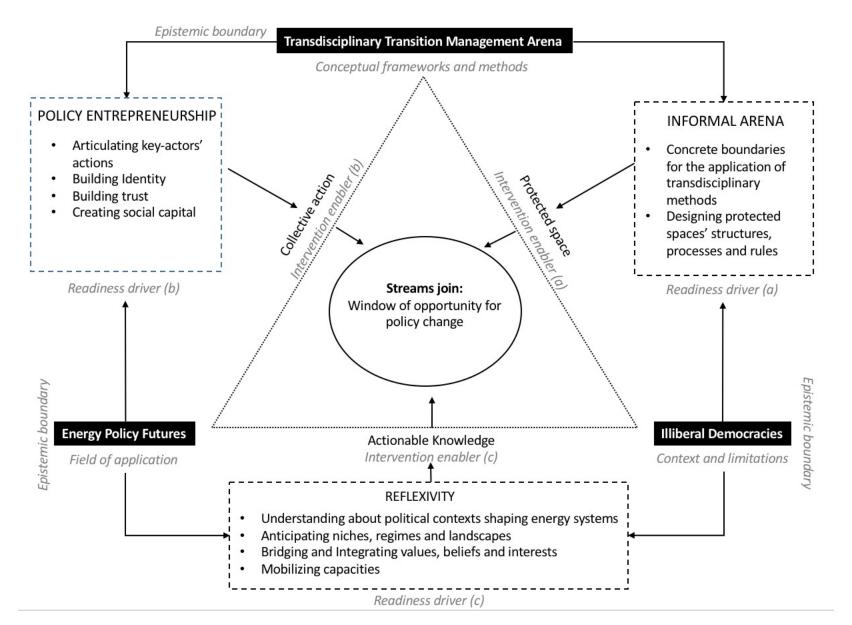




Conceptual Framework











2.- Questions

Strategizing the research process



Questions and Intellectual Goals



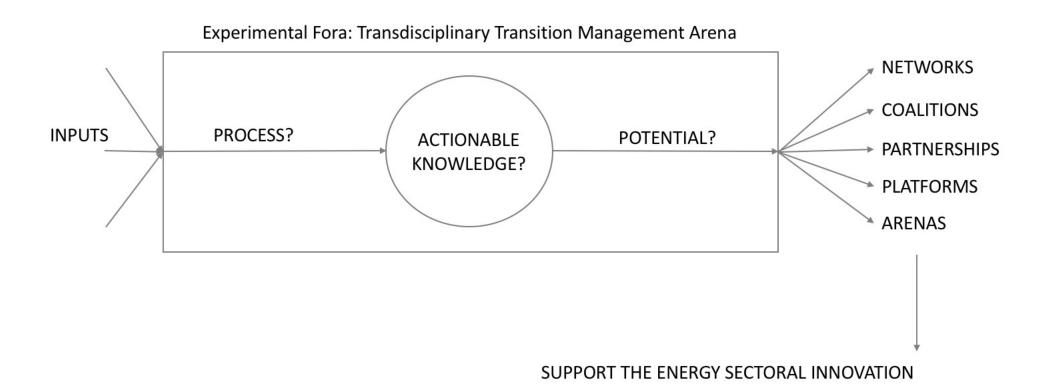


Research questions	Intellectual goals
 To what extent does a "Transdisciplinary Transition Management Arena" enable the co-production of actionable energy policy knowledge? 	Understanding the particular context within which the participants act
 What is the actionable knowledge that can be co- produced throughout a "Transdisciplinary Transition Management Arena" that enables the participants to envision a transition path towards a sustainable energy future? 	Understanding the <i>meaning,</i> for participants in the study of sustainable energy development
 What is the potential to dynamize a cross-sectorial partnership/coalition triggered by the "Transdisciplinary Transition Management Arena" process? 	Understanding the influence the context has on the participants actions

Research Questions







Source: Process, knowledge and potential to support sociotechnical change (based on Noboa and Upham, 2018)





4.- Methods

Methodological triangulation design

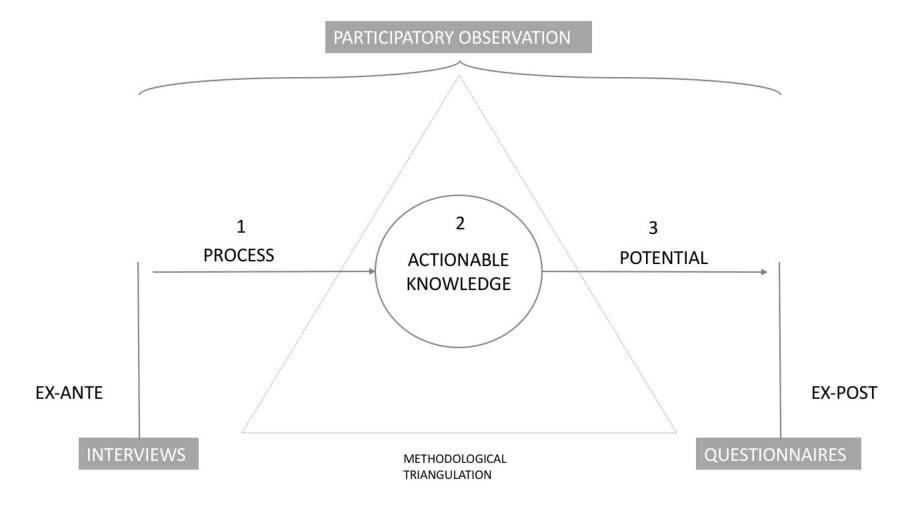








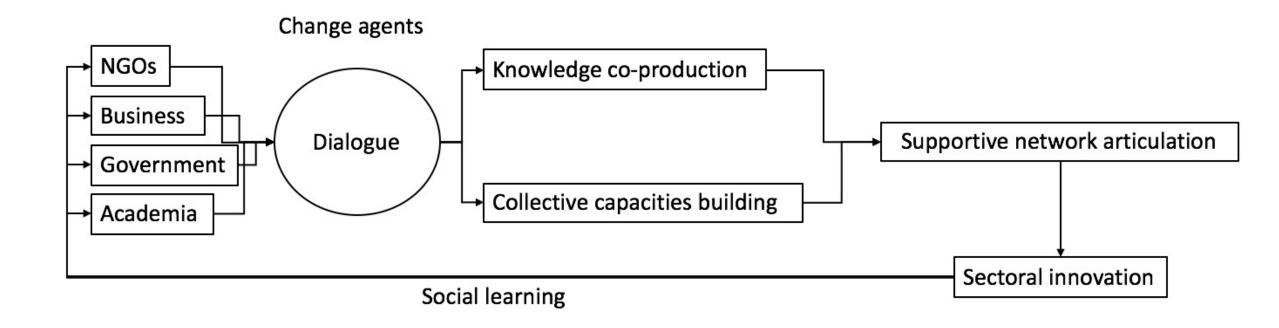
Triangulation







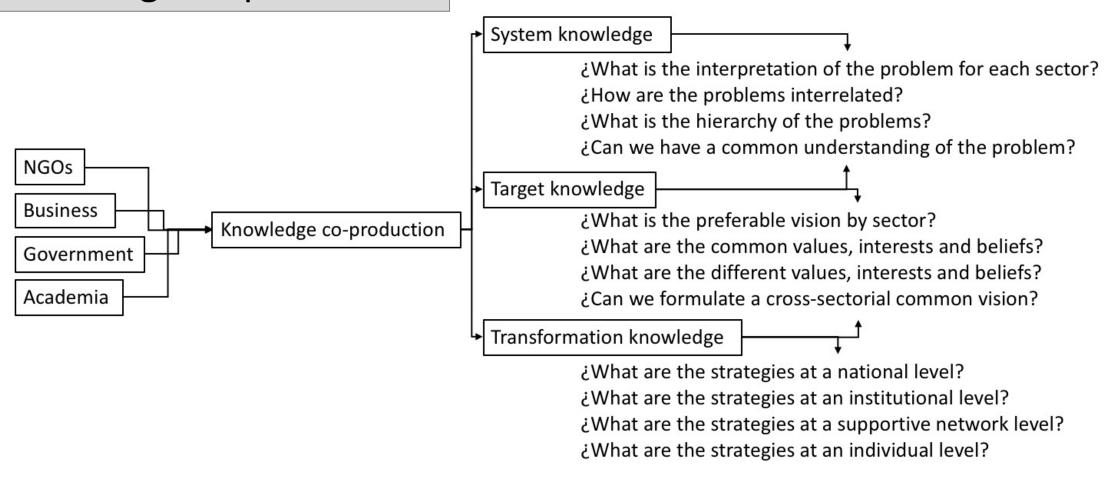
Participatory Process







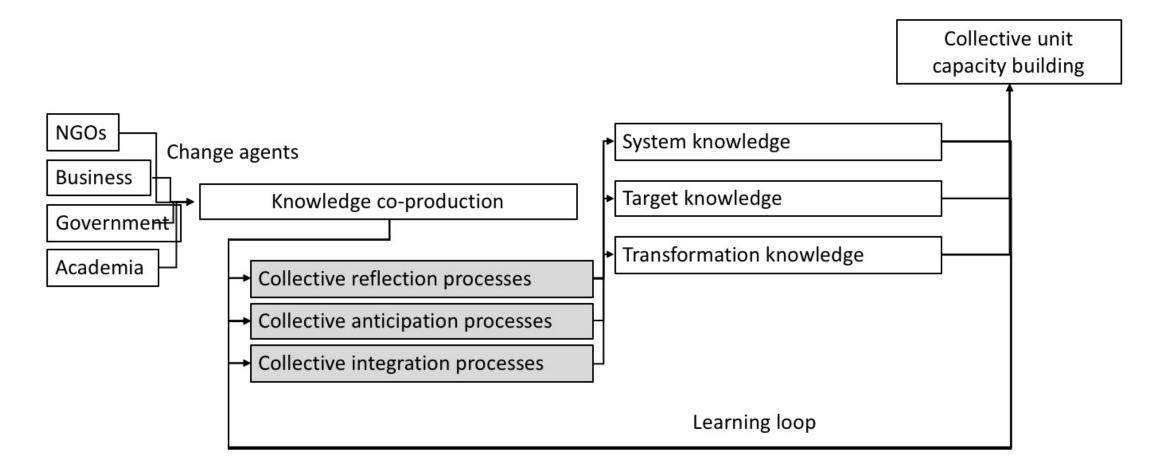
Knowledge co-production







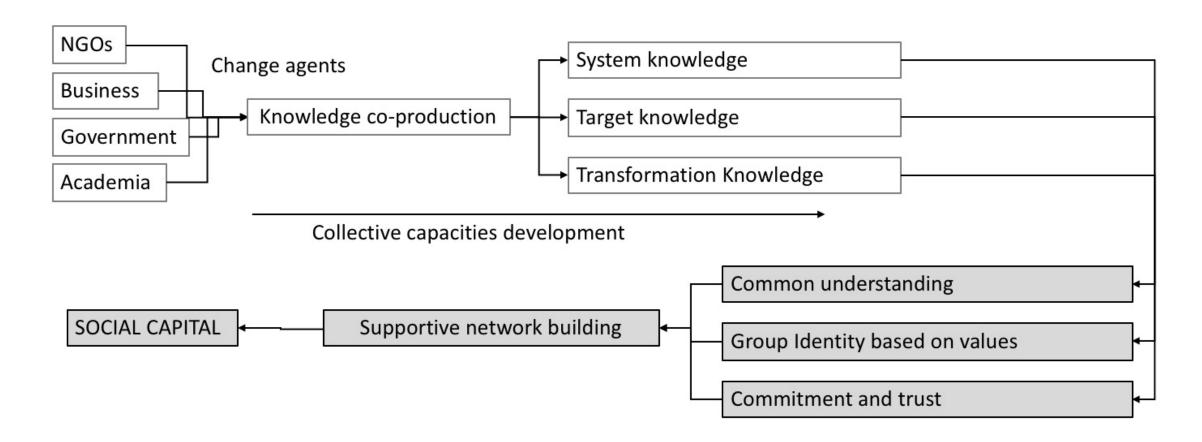
Capacities development







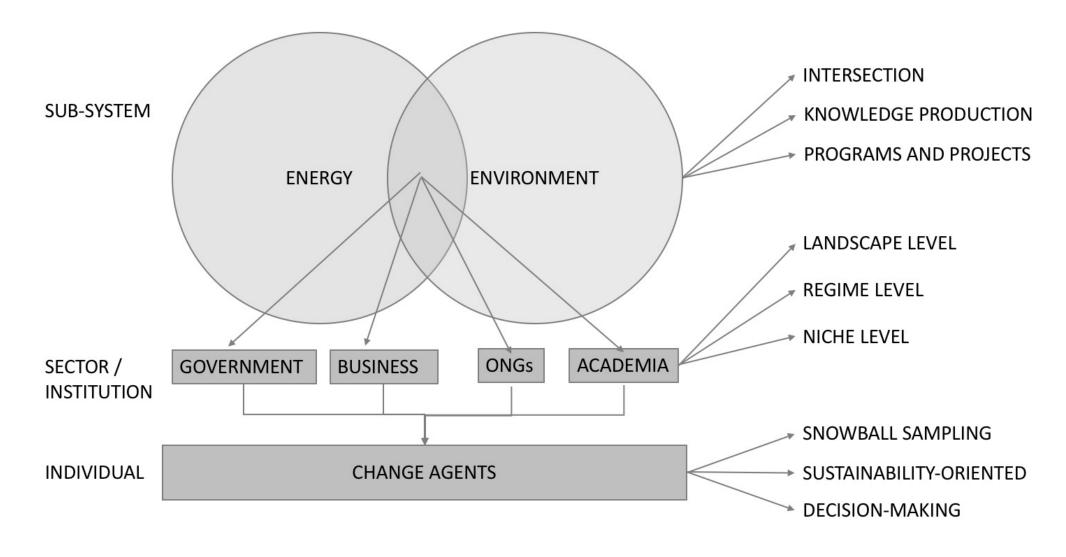
Supportive network articulation



Stakeholders Identification

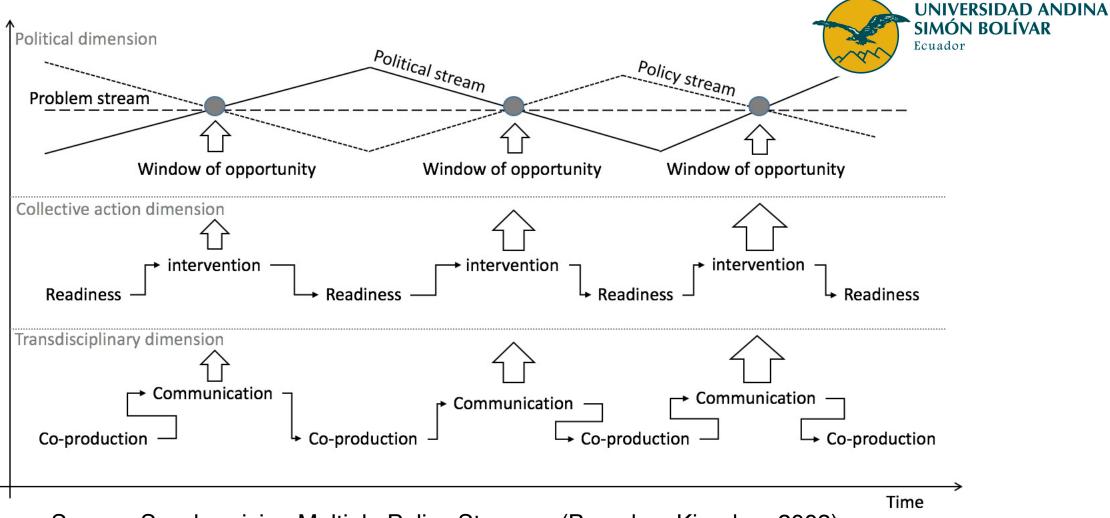






Co-production, Readiness and Windows of Opportunity





Source: Synchronising Multiple Policy Streams, (Based on Kingdon, 2003)

5.- Testing

Empirical application
Energy Transition Laboratories













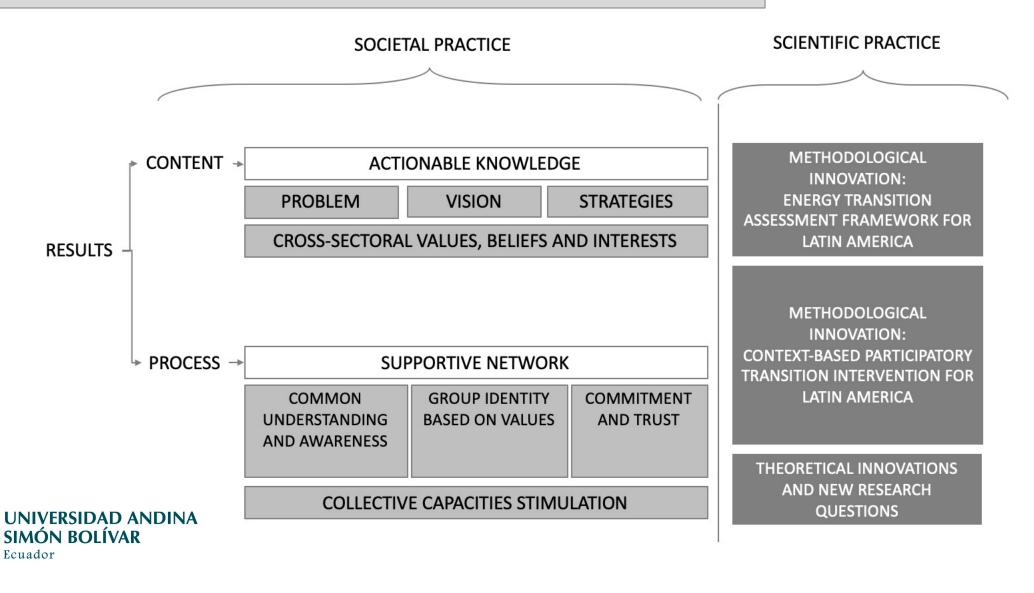
6.- Contributions

Scientific- and societal-practice subscription



Societal- and Scientific-practice Expected Results



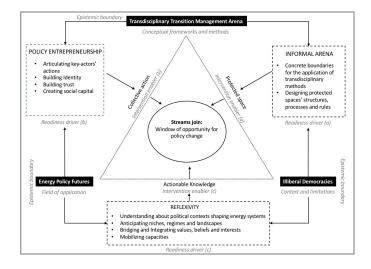


Scientific-practice contributions



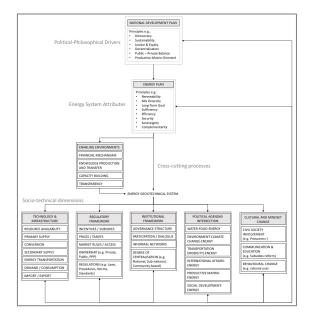


Expanded understanding of linkages between TM, TDR and Political Science



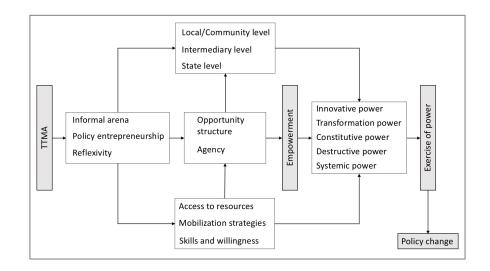
TTMA Conceptual Framework
Context-specific (illiberal democracies)

Key aspects of Transition Policy were identified and categorized



Analytical Transition Framework
Applicable in other sectors

Expanded understanding of linkages between TTMA, Empowerment and Power



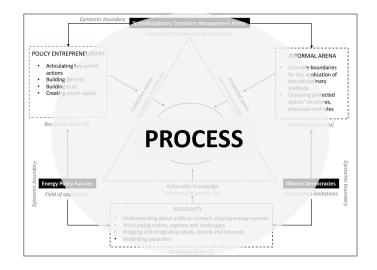
Empowerment Conceptual Framework
Precondition for the exercise of power

Scientific-practice contributions



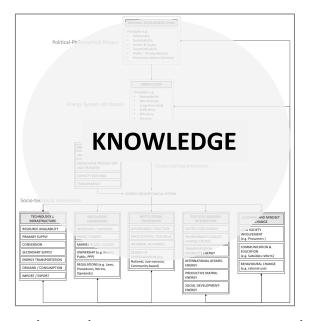


Expanded understanding of linkages between TM, TDR and Political Science



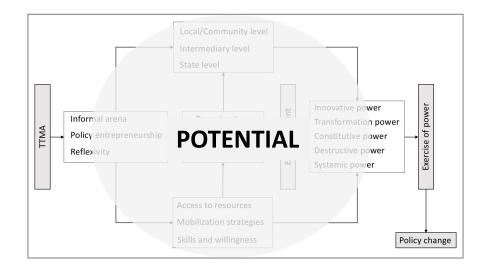
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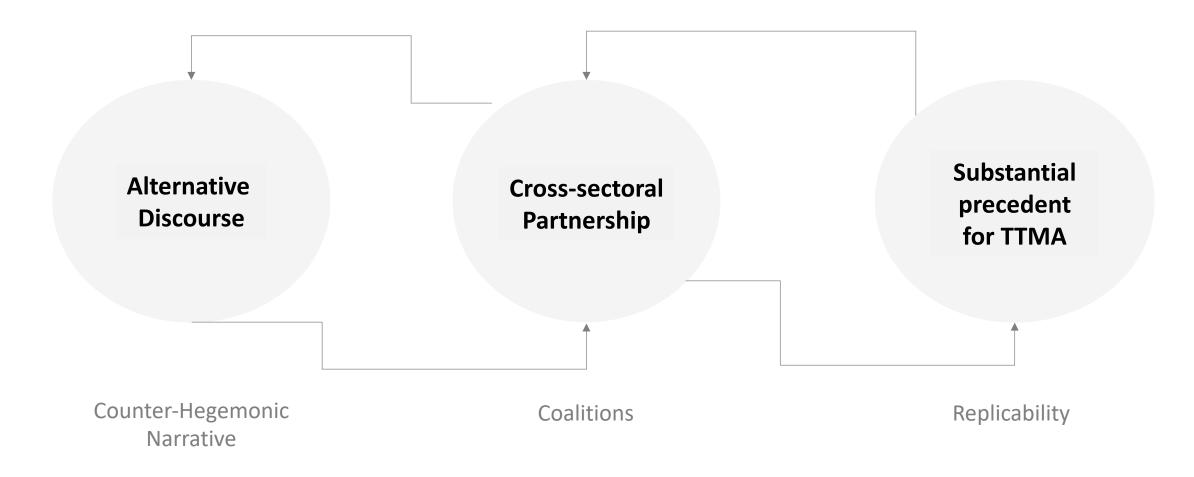


Empowerment Conceptual Framework
Precondition for the exercise of power

Societal-practice contributions











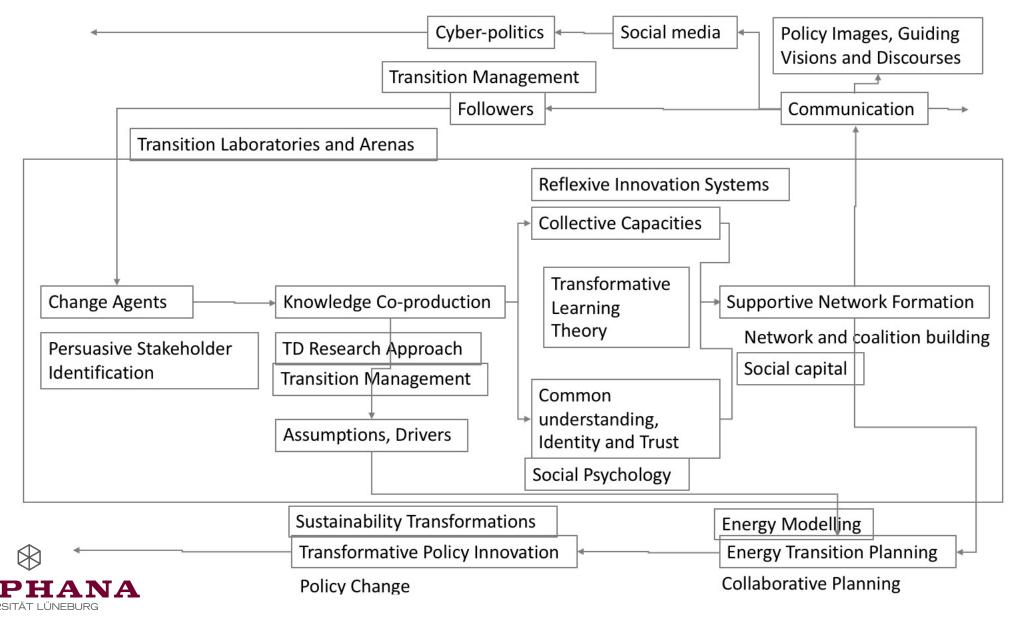
7.- Outlook

Future research



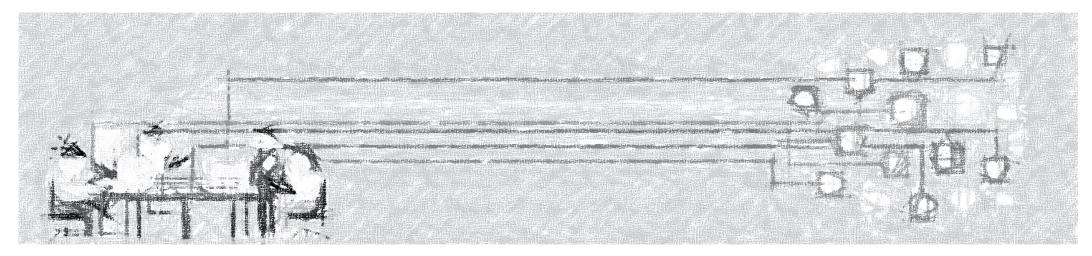
TTMA Interlinkages with other Disciplines and Processes











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Thank you!